

Topic 7-Answers to PRACTICE SCALE PROBLEMS

$1/S$ = representative fraction scale expression
 f = focal length in feet (or meters)
 H = platform altitude - a.s.l. (above sealevel)
 h = terrain elevation, either point or average
 PES = photo scale reciprocal: RF denominator/12
 expressed in ft./in.

1. $1/S = f/H-h$
 $1/S: 4" = 1 \text{ mi}, 1 \text{ in.} = 1/4 \text{ mi} = 1320 \text{ ft.} \times 12: = 1/15,840$
 $f = 6"/12"/\text{ft.} = 0.5 \text{ ft.}$
 $H - h = X$
 $1/15,840 = 0.5/X \quad 7920 = X$
 $H - h = 7920 \text{ ft.} \quad H - 2000 = 7,920 \quad H = 9,920 \text{ ft.}$

2. $1/S = f/H-h$
 $1/S: 1" = 20 \text{ ch} \times 66'/\text{ch} \times 12"/\text{ft}$
 $1/S = 1/15,840$
 $h = 800 \text{ ft.}$
 $f = 6" = 0.5 \text{ ft.}$
 $\frac{1}{15,840} = \frac{0.5}{H - 800} \quad 7920 = H - 800; H = 8720 \text{ ft.}$

3. $1/S = d/D = f/H-h$
 $d = 50/60" = 0.8333"$
 $D = 5280' \times 12 = 63,360"$
 $f = 12" = 1'$

$1/S = d/D = 0.8333/63,360 = 1/76,035$
 $1/S = f/(H-h)$
 $1/76,035 = 1/(H-1500)$
 $H = 76,035 + 1500 = 77,535 \text{ ft.} = 14.68 \text{ miles}$

4. $1/S = 1/16,000 \quad PES = 16,000/12" \quad 1" = 1333 \text{ ft/in.}$
 $"d" \times PES = D, \text{ or } D/PES = d \text{ (ft/ft/in} = \text{in)}$
 $120 \text{ ft}/1333 \text{ ft/in} = 0.09" \times 60 = 5.4/60\text{ths}$
 $60 \text{ ft}/1333 \text{ ft/in} = 0.045" \times 60 = 2.7/60\text{ths}$

5. image coverage = $9" \times 9" = 81 \text{ sq. in.}$
 acres/sq. in? At $1/6000, 1" = 500 \text{ ft.}$
 $1 \text{ sq. in} = 250,000 \text{ sq. ft}$

$250,000 \text{ sq. ft.}/43,560 \text{ sq. ft /ac.} = 5.74 \text{ ac/sq. in.}$
 $81 \text{ sq. in.} \times 5.74 = \underline{465 \text{ ac.}}$

At 12,000, is scale smaller or larger? How much?
 Smaller, therefore cover more acres per square inch.
 How many more? Area = L squared;
 therefore $12,000/6000 = 2 \text{ squared} = 4 \text{ times.}$
 Thus $465 \times 4 = 1860 \text{ ac per image @ } 1/12,000$
 At 30,000; $30/6 = 5 \text{ squared} = 25 \times 465 \text{ ac/frame} = 11,625 \text{ ac}$

6. $1/S = f/H-h$
 $6' = 0.5'$ $8.25" = 0.69'$ $12" = 1'$
 $PES = 2000'/"$ therefore $1/S = 1/24,000$
 $1/24,000 = (a) 0.5', (b) .69'/X, (c) 1'/X$
 $X = \underline{12,000 \text{ ft.}} \quad \underline{16,500 \text{ ft.}} \quad \underline{24,000 \text{ ft.}}$
7. $d/D = 1/S = f/H-h$
 $f = 0.5'$ $d = 0.4"$ $D = 80 \text{ ft} \times 12 = 960"$
 $0.4"/960" = 0.5/H-h$
 $\frac{0.4"}{0.4} = \frac{960"}{0.4}$ or $1/2400$
 $1/2400 = 0.5/X$ **$X = 1200 \text{ ft.}$**
8. $d/D = 1/S = f/H-h$
 $0.42' = 5280 \text{ ft}$ $1' = 5280/.42 = 12,571 \text{ ft}$ or $\underline{1/12,571}$
 $1/12,571 = f/11,000$
 $f = 11,000/12,571 = \underline{0.875 \text{ ft} (x 304.8 = 267 \text{ mm})}$
9. $PES = 11,500/12$ $1" = 958 \text{ ft.}$
 $d \times PES = D$ $1.5" \times 958 \text{ ft/in} = 1437 \text{ ft}$
 $3.0" \times 958 \text{ ft/in} = 2874 \text{ ft.}$
 $1437' \times 2874' / 43,560 = 94.8 \text{ ac.}$
 $PES \text{ metric } 11,500/1000\text{mm}$
 $25.4 \text{ mm/in} \times 1.5 \text{ by } 3.0" \text{ or } 38.1\text{mm} \times 76.2\text{mm}$
 $1\text{mm} = 11.5\text{m} \quad (38.1 \times 11.5) \times (76.2 \times 11.5)$
 $= 38.4 \text{ ha} \quad (94.8/2.47 = 38.4 \text{ ha})$
10. $1/s = f/H-h$
 $1/S = 1/(12,000 - 1500) = \underline{1/10,500}$
11. $1/S = d/D = f/H-h$
 $1/S: 0.01" / (4 \text{ ft} \times 12 = 48")$ or $1/4800$
 $1/4800 = 0.5/X$ **$X = 2400 \text{ ft.}$**
12. $0.5 \text{ ac} = 43,560 \text{ sq. ft.} / 2 = 21,780 \text{ sq. ft.}$
 $\frac{\text{Pi } D^2}{4} = 21,780$
 $.785 D^2 = 21780 \quad D = 21,780/.785$
 $D = 166.6 \text{ ft.}$
 $PES = 15,840/12 = 1320 \text{ ft/in.}$
 $D/PES = d$
- $d = 167 \text{ ft.} / 1320 \text{ ft/in} \quad \underline{d = 0.13"}$
 $\text{spacing } 20 \times 66 = 1320 \text{ ft.} / 1320 \text{ ft./in} = \underline{1.00 \text{ inches}}$

$$13. \quad 1/s = f/H-h$$

$$1/12,000 = 0.5/(7000 - h)$$

$$6000 = 7000 - h$$

$$h = \underline{1000 \text{ ft.}}$$

$$14. \quad 1/Sa = f/H-ha \qquad 1/7920 = .5/H - 1200$$

$$H = 3960 + 1200 = \underline{5160 \text{ ft.}}$$

$$1/S @ 1500' = 0.5/5160 - 1500 = 0.5/3660$$

$$1/S = 1/7320 \text{ or } \underline{610 \text{ ft/in}} @ 1500 \text{ ft.}$$

$$1/S @ 300' = 0.5/5160 - 300 = 0.5/4860$$

$$1/S = 1/9720 \text{ or } \underline{810 \text{ ft/in}}$$

@ 1500 ft, 1 sq. in = 372,100 sq. ft. or 8.54 ac.

@ 300 ft, 1 sq. in = 656,100 sq. ft. or 15.06 ac.

Therefore at 1500 ft there are 150 trees/8.54 ac = 18 T/A and

at 300 ft, 100/15.06 = 7 T/A

The stand at 1500 ft. has the highest density

$$15. \quad h_{ave} = (165 + 385)/2 = 275 \text{ ft}$$

$$1/S = [(209.55/25.4/12) / (8250 - 275)] = 1/11,600$$

$$16. \quad PES_{NE} = (8250 - 165) / (209.55/25.4) = 980 \text{ ft per inch}$$

Ground distance $Y_{NE} = 980 \text{ ft/inch} * 3.0 \text{ inches} = 2940 \text{ feet}$

Ground distance $X_{SW} = 953.3 \text{ ft/inch} * 2.5 \text{ inches} = 2383.25 \text{ feet}$

$$17. \quad D^2 = (1470 + 2383.25)^2 + (2940 + 3336.7)^2$$

$$D = 7365.09 \text{ feet}$$

$$18. \quad \text{Bearing} = N 4^\circ 15' W + N 1^\circ 15' E = N 5^\circ 30' W = N 5.5^\circ W$$

$$19. \quad \tan A = 3853.25/6276.7 = 0.6138974$$

$$A = 31.5456^\circ$$

$$\text{Bearing} = 31.5456^\circ - 5.5^\circ = 26.0456^\circ = N 26^\circ 2.74' E$$